

An Australian Government Initiative

Rashes in children

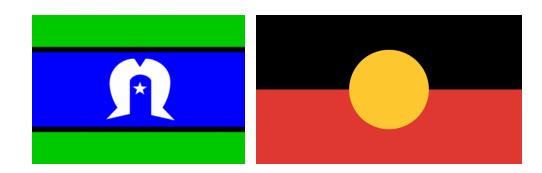
Tuesday 16 April 2024

The content in this session is valid at date of presentation

Acknowledgement of Country

North Western Melbourne Primary
Health Network would like to acknowledge the
Traditional Custodians of the land on which our
work takes place, The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung
People, The Boon Wurrung People and The
Wathaurong People.

We pay respects to Elders past, present and emerging as well as pay respects to any Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in the session with us today.



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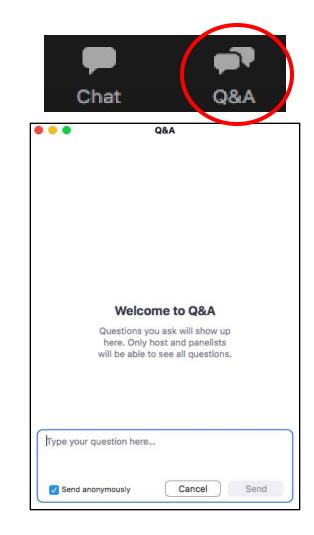
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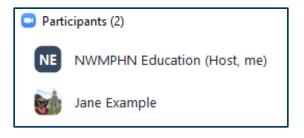


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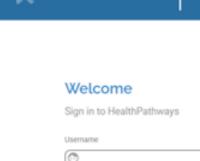
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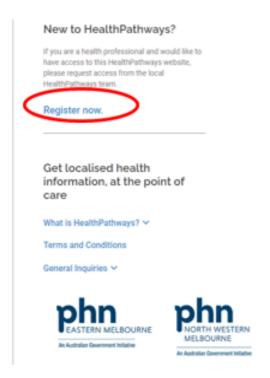
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Pathways are written by GP clinical editors with support from local GPs, hospital-based specialists and other subject matter experts



- clear and concise, evidence-based medical advice
- Reduce variation in care
- how to refer to the most appropriate hospital, community health service or allied health provider.
- what services are available to my patients



HealthPathways – Rashes in Children melbourne.healthpathways.org.au





Rashes in Children Relevant and Related Pathways

Relevant Pathways

Adverse Food Reactions in Children

Eczema in Children

Fever in Children

Herpes Zoster (Shingles)

Rashes and Skin Lesions in Early Infancy

Referral Pathway

<u>Acute Paediatric Medicine Referral or Admission (Sameday)</u>

Non-acute Paediatric Medicine Referral (> 24 hours)

Non-acute Paediatric Dermatology Referral (> 24 hours)

Paediatric Dermatology Referrals

Paediatric Medicine Referrals

Related Pathway

Local Public Health Units (LPHUs)

Mosquito-borne diseases in Victoria

Notifiable Conditions in Victoria

Normal Paediatric Observations



Building local pathways for better care

melbourne.healthpathways.org.au

Thank you.

Speaker

Dr Sandy Hopper

- Dr Sandy Hopper is a dual qualified emergency physician and emergency paediatrician, working at the emergency department of the Royal Children's Hospital in Melbourne.
- Having just clocked over 20 years of consultant work at RCH, he has just stepped down as director of paediatric emergency training, but remains passionate about bringing up the next generation of talent in the field.
- His research interests include mental health, procedural care, orthopaedics, hospital-inthe-home, observational medicine and consumer information.

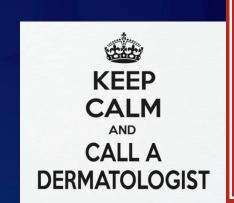
Rashes: babies, serious, common **Dr Sandy Hopper**





- Neonatal rashes
- Serious diseases with rashes that need ED care.
 Emergency

 Less serious rashes which can be managed in community.







Key Principle

• The clinical condition of the patient trumps most specific rash types.















i've got the BLUES baby

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- Usually in the first few hours of life
- Vasospasm of the small vessels of skin in response to cold
- Hands and feet
- Absence of cyanosis centrally
- Resolves with warming
- Unusual after the first month























Bruise vs Congenital Dermal Melanosis

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- Flat, bluish-grey lesions, poorly circumscribed.
- Do not fade or change colour.
- Flat with same texture
- Not tender.
- Most commonly lumbosacral region

Variable hue

- Evolve and fade
- Swelling/induration
- Tender
- Other areas.





Well baby, small blue/brown spot on chest



The Children's Excellence in clinical care, research and







Unexplained bruising, no matter how minor





















Thrombocytopaenia

Cause?



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- Localised- trauma/pressure.
- all others need a FBE and film
- Clinical context will give you a hint (Age/wellness/other features)



- ITP- well, nil other signs on film.
- Sepsis- V unwell
- ALL- nodes/pallor/fever, plus film.
- Localised- trauma/pressure.

















- Workup?
- Follow up
- ? steroids















- BP, FWTU>> other
- Follow for renal Cx
- Steroids for pain complications
- Renal referral if BP/urine changes







Fever, unwell, rash







Suspect meningococcal? what do you do?





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- Early antis (which?)
- Close monitoring
- Expedite to ED care



















Little red patch developing at 3 weeks of age



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Refer if near important openings













12 months old

15 months old

26 months old

















Urticaria

- Treatment?
- Advice?
- Referral?



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Urticaria

- Treatment is symptomatic (antihistamines, cooling)
- Advice will come and go for weeks
- Referral- more than 2 months



A well 15/7 baby with a rash. Comes and goes













Erythema toxicum

- Benign.
- Comes and goes.

• Rx?







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Erythema toxicum

Treatment

photoshop baby photos

















Well baby, 3 weeks old





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Neonatal acne

- Mean onset 3 weeks
- Usually limited to face / scalp
- Inflammatory pustules and papules
- Self resolving
- If persisting after 6 weeksrefer.

















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- Diagnosis?
- Complications?



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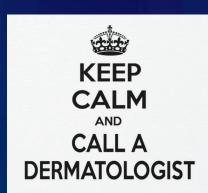






Naevus Flammeus (Port wine stain)

- Present at birth.
- Usually unilateral
- V1- glaucoma
- Eyelid, cross midline-neuro imaging.
- Rx- laser













Unwell, red and hot







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Unwell, red and hot



- Feverish
- A few vomits
- flushed

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Skin coming off in large blisters











Murdoch Childrens Research Institute



Staph scalded skin syndrome



- Mainly 0-5yo
- Intra-oral mucosa spared (no strawberry tongue)
- Epidermolytic or exfoliative toxins responsible











- Unified by:
- Unwell
- Feverish
- red













PHx eczema, now funny spots

Well in self



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Excellence in clinical care,













- Distribution is the giveaway
- Not painful
- Child is well
- Treat as per eczema flare











PHx eczema, now flare, fever, pain



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Eczema herpeticum

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Painful flare Fever blisters

- Stop steroids
- Aciclovir if <~72hrs (not PBS)
- Antibiotics if evidence of bacterial component (crusting)
- Cold compresses, moisturise, wet dressings
- Avoid scratching







fever UNWELL rash





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- Fever (high) and unwell (very).
- 5 days

- Rash
- Lips
- Node
- Eyes
- Peripheral changes













Two persistent, itchy round red spots





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Discoid eczema. Ringworm

- Itchy
- Scaly throughout
- crusty
- PHx eczema

- Itchy
- Central clearing
- Slowly growing
- Raised edges



















Chilblains

- Ix?
- Rx?



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Chilblains

- Ix- nil unless there are clinical features of connective tissues disease
- Rx- warmth



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- Life cycle.
- With immune response, triggers inflammation
- Can look infected.
- Can cause local or distant eczema



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Large local reaction vs cellulitis

- Onset time
- Bite
- Multiple
- Itch
- well

- Skin breach
- Tender
- Pain
- Unwell
- fever

























Bullous impetigo

• Rx?



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Bullous impetigo

- Rx- topical or oral ABs
- Staph eradication





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Summary

- Most rashes are benign.
- Be careful with:
- Sick child+rash
- Blisters and peeling
- Pigment and brownness
- Birth marks near openings













Resources

- Dermnet.nz
- Blackandbrownskin.co.uk
- Blue book victoria
 - Health.vic.gov.au/infectious-diseases/diseaseinformation-and-advice









Session Conclusion

We value your feedback, let us know your thoughts.

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Attendance certificate will be received within 4-6 weeks.

RACGP CPD hours will be uploaded within 30 days.

To attend further education sessions, visit, https://nwmphn.org.au/resources-events/events/

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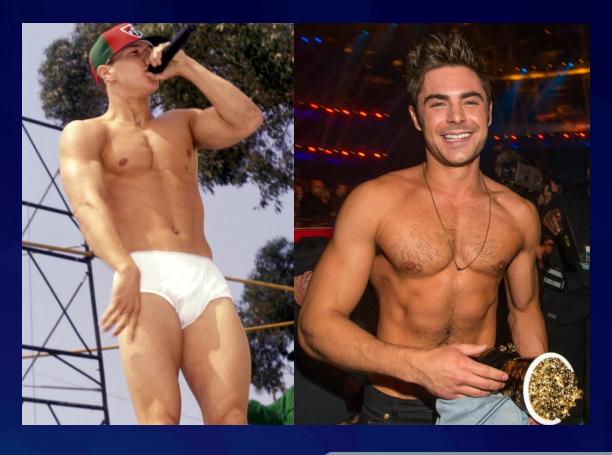


















Little red patches





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Will go away





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- Risk of malignancy based on size, axial or paravertebral location
- Small <1.5cm
 Medium 1.5-20cm
 Large 20-40cm
 Giant >40cm (*
 neurocutaneous syndromes)

















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Sucking blister



• Epstein's pearls



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Cupping













Summary

- Most rashes are benign.
- Be careful with:
- Sick child+rash
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- Birth marks near openings













Off cuts

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Crusting rash, not itchy







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Seborrhoeic Dermatitis (cradle cap)

- Not itchy
- younger babies
- Well and happy
- Ruins baby photos
- No Rx.
- Crust removal.
- 1% hydrocort
- Nizoral















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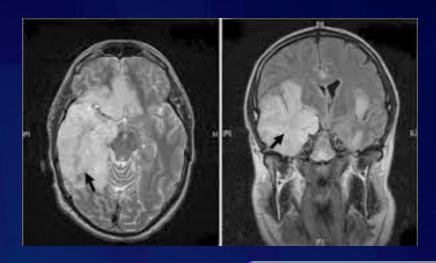












The Children's Excellence in clinical care.









Well baby, a fine, flat non blanching rash



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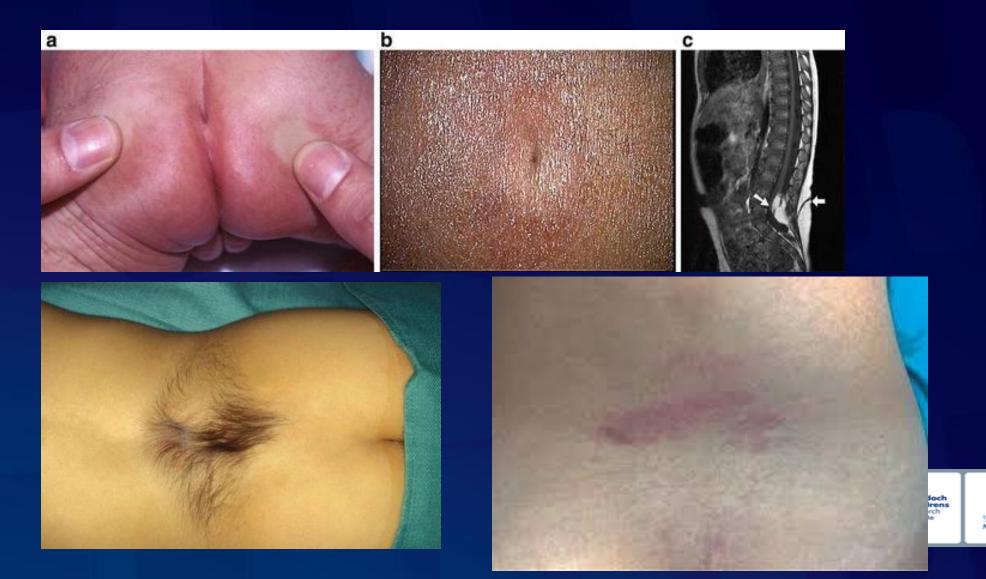








Markers of spinal dysraphism





Referred with mottled skin, well

What do you want to know?













Cutis marmorata

- Make sure the baby is wellconsider circulatory problems
- Normal newborn vascular physiology
- Response to cold immature neurological and vascular system











Well baby, 3 weeks old





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Paronychia

- Skin overgrowth.
- Treatment?









2 days old, well.





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- 1-2mm pearly white or yellow papules
- Caused by retention of keratin within the dermis
- ~50% of newborns

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Well 3 week old twins







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- Appears in the first month
- Due to sweat retention caused by partial closure of the glands
- Distinct subtypes
 - crystallina : superficial, non inflammatory (stratum corneum)
 - rubra (mid-epidermal)





