

An Australian Government Initiative

# Primary Care Health Literacy Assessment Tool



This tool is designed to help you assess your practice's operations and how they may impact on patient health literacy. It has been adapted from the Health Literacy Universal Precautions Toolkit (2nd edition)\* and each question is associated with supporting chapters from the toolkit containing quality improvement tips and resources.

Each question has also been mapped to the relevant standards that apply from RACGP's Standards for General Practices (4th edition). The term 'practice members' used in the tool refers to all employees in a practice, including, but not limited to: GPs, practice nurses, allied health professionals, practice managers and reception staff.

#### Please select one answer that most accurately describes your practice:

Doing Well	Our practice is doing this well					
Needs Improvement	Our practice is doing this, but could do it better					
Not Doing	Our practice is not doing this					
Not Sure or N/A	I don't know the answer to this question <b>OR</b> This is not applicable to our practice					

<sup>\*</sup>Health Literacy Universal Precautions Toolkit, 2nd Edition. February 2015. Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, Rockville, MD. <a href="http://www.ahrq.gov/professionals/">http://www.ahrq.gov/professionals/</a> guality-patient-safety/guality-resources/tools/literacy-toolkit/healthlittoolkit2.html

For more information and resources to support patient health literacy, visit: www.nwmphn.org.au/HL

### 1. Prepare for Practice Change

	Doing Well	Needs Improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
Our practice has leaders who raise health literacy issues in our practice as part of our clinical					3 - Raise Awareness
governance processes.					RACGP criterion 3.1.3A
2. Our practice regularly consults with patients to create measurable health literacy improvement goals as part of our quality improvement activities.					2 - Create a Health Literacy Improvement Plan
					13 - Welcome Patients
					RACGP criterion 2.1.2D, 3.1.1A, B
3. All practice members (including reception staff) have received health literacy training.					3 - Raise Awareness
					RACGP criterion 3.2.2 A, B, 3.2.3A
4. All practice members understand that limited health literacy is common and can affect all					3 - Raise Awareness
individuals at one time or another.					RACGP criterion 3.2.2A, B, 3.2.3A

# 2. Improve Spoken Communication

	Doing Well	Needs Improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
5. All practice members speak clearly (e.g. using plain language and at a moderate pace) to assist in informed patient decision-making.					3 - Commun. Clearly RACGP criterion 1.2.2A
6. All practice members listen carefully to patients without interrupting.					4 - Commun. Clearly RACGP criterion 3.1.2C (see explanation)
7. All practice members use audio-visual materials and/or visual aids to promote better understanding (e.g., food models for portion sizes, The Hepatitis B Story video, demonstrate how to take medicines etc).					4 - Commun. Clearly 12 - Use Health Ed. Material Effectively RACGP criterion 1.2.2B, C, 1.3.1
8. All clinicians talk with patients about any educational materials they receive during the visit and emphasize the important information.					12 - Use Health Ed. Material Effectively RACGP criterion 1.2.2B, 1.3.1
9. All practice members ask patients to state key points in their own words (i.e., use the teach-back method) to assess patients' understanding of information, regardless of if they appear to have understood.					5 - Teach-Back Method RACGP criterion 1.2.2A
10. Clinicians routinely review with patients all the medicines they take, including over-the-counter medicines and supplements, ask patients to demonstrate how to take them.					5 - Teach-Back Method 8 - Brown Bag Review RACGP criterion 1.2.2C RACGP 5.3.1A

### 2. Improve Spoken Communication

	Doing Well	Needs Improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
11. Our practice routinely provides patients with updated medicine lists that describe in easy-to-understand language what medicines the patient is					8 - Brown Bag Review
to take and how to take them.					RACGP criterion 1.2.2C, 5.3.1A, C
12. Clinical staff contact patients between office visits to ensure understanding of diagnoses or test results,					6 - Follow up
or to follow up on plans made during the visit.					RACGP criterion 1.5.3E
13. Practice members ask all new patients' language preferences and record them in the medical record.					9 - Language Differences
					13 - Welcome Patients
					RACGP criterion 1.7.1C, F
14. Our practice always offers and uses appropriate language services (e.g., accredited medical					9 - Language Differences
interpreters) with patients whose records indicate a preference for a language other than English.					RACGP criterion 1.2.2A, 1.2.3, A, B, 2.1.1A, G, 2.1.3A
15. The automated phone system/messaging system for the practice includes after hours care information.					RACGP criterion 1.1.4C
16. Our practice is able to respond to phone calls					7 - Telephone
in the main languages spoken by our patients, or know how to engage the Translation and Interpreter Service for calls.					RACGP criterion 1.2.3A, B
17. Reception staff offer everyone help with filling out forms.					12 - Use Health Ed. Material Effectively
					13 - Welcome Patients
					RACGP criterion 3.2.3A

#### 3. Improve Written Communication

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	Doing Well	Needs Improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
18. At least one practice member knows how to consult with patients to assess, prepare, and simplify written materials so they are easier to read.					11 - Assess, Select, and Create Easy- to-Understand Materials
					17 - Patient Feedback
					RACGP criterion 2.1.2A, C, D
19. Our practice's forms, test result letters and patient education materials are concise, use plain language, are formatted to make them easy to read and understand, and available in languages other than					1 - Assess, Select, and Create Easy- to-Understand Materials
English if appropriate.					9 - Language Differences
					RACGP criterion 1.2.2A, B, C, 2.1.1G
20. The name of the practice is clearly displayed on the outside of the building along with after hours					13 - Welcome Patients
care information.					RACGP criterion 1.1.4C
21. The walls and bulletin boards are not covered with too many printed notices. It is easy for anyone					13 - Welcome Patients
to pick out the important information.					RACGP criterion 1.3.1
22. Office signs are written in English and in the primary languages of the populations being					13 - Welcome Patients
served (e.g., if most of the patients speak English or Vietnamese, signs are written in English and Vietnamese).					RACGP criterion 1.2.3A, 2.1.1G

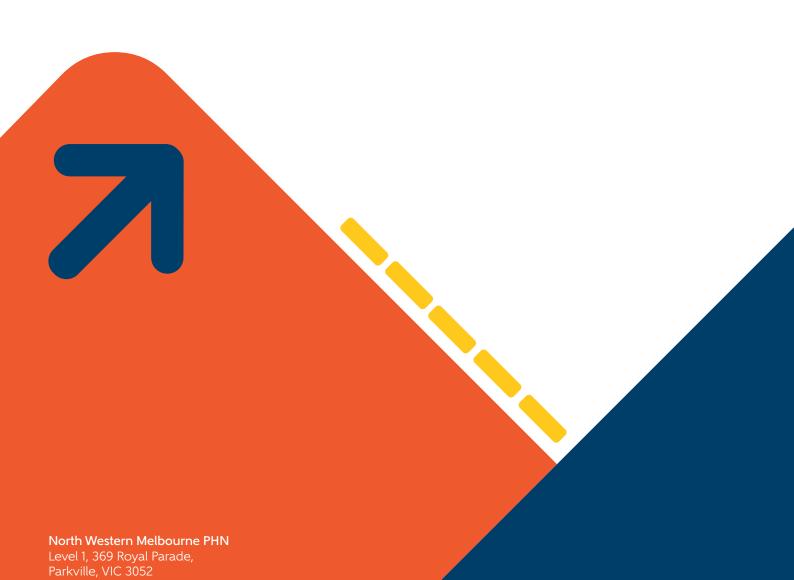
### 4. Improve Self-Management and Empowerment

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	Doing Well	Needs Improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
23. Our practice creates an environment that encourages our patients to ask questions (e.g., asking "What questions do you have?" instead of "Do you have any questions?") and get involved with their care.					13 - Welcome Patients 14-Enc. Questions 15 - Make Action Plans RACGP criterion 2.1.2A
24. Clinicians help patients choose health improvement goals and develop action plans, then follow up on progress.					6 - Follow up 15 - Make Action Plans RACGP criterion 1.3.1
25. Clinicians consider their patients' religion, culture, and ethnic customs when devising treatment options and record these if relevant in patient records.					10 - Consider Culture RACGP criterion 2.1.1G
26. Clinicians write precise instructions for taking medicine that are easy-to-understand (e.g. "take 1 pill in the morning and 1 pill at bedtime" instead of "take twice daily").					16 - Help Patients with Medicine RACGP criterion 1.2.2C
27. Clinicians discuss different methods for remembering to take medicines correctly and offer patients assistance setting up a system (e.g., pill box, medicine chart).					16 - Help Patients with Medicine RACGP criterion 1.2.2C
28. Our practice requests feedback from patients about their experience of care.					11 - Assess, Select, and Create Easy- to-Understand Materials
					17 - Patient Feedback RACGP criterion 1.2.1A, 1.6.1B, 2.1.2A, C, D, E

## 5. Improve Supportive Systems

	Doing Well	Needs improvement	Not Doing	Not Sure or N/A	Tools to Help
29. Practice members ask patients if they have trouble reading or understanding and using numbers, and record this in the patient's file.					20 - Literacy and Math Resources
30. Staff members assess patients' non-medical barriers (such as issues with housing, finances, care or family support) and take initiative to address them and provide appropriate referrals or extra support as needed.					18 - Non-Medical Support 20 - Literacy and Math Resources RACGP criterion 1.3.1, 1.6.1A
31. Practice members offer patients help with referrals such as making an appointment and advise of potential costs.					18 - Non-Medical Support 20 - Literacy and Math Resources 21 - Referrals RACGP criterion 1.2.4
32. Our practice has follow up/recall processes to confirm patient follow through after a referral is made.					6 - Follow up 18 - Non-Medical Support 20 - Literacy and Math Resources 21 - Referrals RACGP criterion 1.5.3E, F

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